

NAMES OF PENSIONERS OF THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR, WHO WERE LIVING IN WEST VIRGINIA IN 1840; TOGETHER WITH THEIR AGES AND NAMES OF THE HEADS OF FAMILIES WITH WHOM THEY WERE RESIDING ON JUNE 1ST, OF THAT YEAR.

(Source—Special Report, United States Census for 1840.)

Counties.	Names.	Ages.	Names of Heads of Families with whom Pensioners Resided June 1, 1840.
BERKELEY	Charles Young	84	Charles Young.
	Catharine McKeeven, (widow)	84	Elizabeth McKeeven.
	Erasmus Gant	81	Erasmus Gant.
	Paul Taylor	90	Paul Taylor.
	Basil Lucas	83	Basil Lucas.
	Henry Bedinger	86	Henry Bedinger.
	Susan Shober, (widow)	70	Susan Shober.
BRAXTON	Jacob Fisher	77	William Cutlip.
BROOKE	Joachim Wicoff	90	Robert Moore.
	David Craig	58	David Craig.
	Samuel Corey	86	Elijah Corey.
	Daniel Corkle	93	William McConnell.
	Samuel Ogden	87	Samuel Ogden.
	William Baxter	91	William Baxter.
	Patrick Gass	70	Patrick Gass.
	Captain Oliver Brown	88	Stephen Colwell.
Samuel Miller	85	Joseph Miller.	
CABELL	John Everritt, Sr.	87	John Everritt, Jr.
	Asher Crockett	81	Asher Crockett.
	Valentine Blose	82	Isaac Blose.
	John Stephenson	79	John Stephenson.
	Robert Rutherford	77	Thomas Rutherford.
	Thomas Roberts	78	Thomas Roberts.
	James Gellengwaters	74	John Gellengwaters.
	John Lesley	79	Milton Stratton.
	William Meade	78	Theophilus Goodwin.
	Adam Crom	85	Adam Crom.
	John Adkins, Sr.	84	John Adkins.
	Peter Sullivan	85	Aaron Sullivan.
Thomas Chandler	78	Thomas Chandler.	
FAYETTE	Abraham Vandal	80	E. D. Vandal.
	John Reins	96	John Reins.
	William Richmond	89	Shadrack Martin.
GREENBRIER	John Pryor	81	John Pryor.
	Eli Perkins, Sr.	82	Eli Perkins, Jr.
	Berryman Jones	78	Berryman Jones.
	James McLaughlin	58	James Scott.
	Thomas Perry	89	Thomas Perry.
HAMPSHIRE	George Little	84	George Little.
	John Mailick	78	John Mailick.
	John Queen	85	Stephen Queen.
	Henry Powelson	79	Henry Powelson.
	Asa Simons	81	Asa Simons.
	John Peters	86	John Peters.
	Christian Haas	88	Peter Haas.
	Thomas Shores	86	William Abernathy, Jr.
	Alexander Doran	80	Joseph Doran.
	John Hansbrough	75	John Hansbrough.
	Wilmore Male (colored)	84	Wilmore Male.
	Henry Kump	82	Henry Kump.
	Major Willim Heron	78	William Heron.
	Daniel Taylor	83	Daniel Taylor.
Isaac James	78	Isaac James.	
HARDY	John Rosebraugh	101	John Rosebraugh.
	Adam Bullinger	73	Adam Bullinger.
	Jacob Randall	81	Jacob Randall.
	Cichman Ours	85	Cichman Ours.

NAMES OF PENSIONERS OF THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR—Continued.

Counties.	Names.	Ages.	Names of Heads of Families with whom Pensioners Resided June 1, 1840.	
HARRISON	John Ebills	76	John Ebills.	
	Christopher Goodnight	78	Christopher Goodnight.	
	Daniel Ketterman	78	Daniel Ketterman.	
	John Berry	96	John Berry.	
	Richard Redman	84	John Martin.	
	Joshua Jones, Sen.	79	Joshua Jones, Sen.	
	Job Goff, Sen.	79	Job Goff, Sen.	
	Peter Knight	81	Peter Knight.	
	Jacob Harrow	84	Jacob Harrow.	
	Peter Johnson	88	Peter Johnson.	
	William Shingleton	80	William Shingleton.	
	John Waldo	79	John Waldo.	
	Pamela Keyser (widow)	76	George Keyser.	
	John Latham	74	John Latham.	
	Susanna Roe (widow)	77	James Roe.	
	Leonard Cutzer	81	Leonard Cutzer.	
	William Martin	78	William Martin.	
	John Bennet	61	John Bennet, Sen.	
	John Nay	91	Oliver Nay.	
	Jacob Thompson	80	Jacob Thompson.	
	Elisha Grieth	89	Charles McEntire.	
	William Nichol	34	Kezin Fowler.	
	Edward Stewart	84	Edward Stewart, Sen.	
	Christopher Nutter	80	Christopher Nutter.	
	Rhodam Rogers	84	Benjamin Harvey.	
Mary Lindsey (widow)	76	Mary Lindsey.		
William Davis	82	John Sutton.		
Jonathan Hughes	86	Robert Stutler.		
Henry McWhorter	80	Leonard S. Ward.		
JACKSON	Thomas Good	82	Thomas Good.	
	Andrew Welch	82	Andrew Welch.	
	John McKown	83	John McKown.	
	Samuel Carpenter	77	Samuel Carpenter.	
	Elijah Runnion	78	Elijah Runnion.	
	David Harris	71	David Harris.	
Henry Raburn	100	Weden Carney.		
JEFFERSON	Peter Haines	90	John Avis.	
	Daniel Folck	86	Daniel Folck.	
KANAWHA	Benjamin Stone	80	Benjamin Stone.	
LEWIS	John Waggoner	90	Samuel Waggoner.	
	John Rafns	83	William R. Sturcker.	
	Jacob Hunt	85	John Hunt.	
	Philip Reeger	73	Nathan Reeger.	
	James Tenney	75	James Tenney.	
	Jacob Hyse	83	Jacob Hyse.	
	John Cutright	87	Christopher Cutright.	
	John Davis	86	Benjamin Shammon.	
	William Powers	75	William Powers.	
	Joseph Wilson	83	Dolpheas D. Holbert.	
	Peter Cogar	85	Adam Starcher.	
	Phebe Cunningham, (widow)	80	Benjamin Hardman.	
	LOGAN	William Davis	96	William Davis.
		John S. Barsden	90	Edward Barsden.
		Samuel Mead	90	Samuel Mead.
MASON	John Hereford	83	John Hereford.	
	Samuel Hayes	59	Samuel Hayes.	
	James Harrison	85	George Chapman.	
	George Lemastor	43	George Lemastor.	
	John Kersey	78	John Kersey.	
	Luman Gibbs	75	Luman Gibbs, Sr.	
	William Hawkins	76	Nancy Hawkins.	
	Robert Love	78	Robert Love.	
Andrew Eckard	80	Andrew Eckard.		
MARSHALL	David Ferrel	75	David Ferrel.	
	John Caldwell	90	Ezekiel Caldwell.	

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MERCER	John Cummins	85	John Cummins.
	John Fox	85	John Fox, Jr.
	Henry Yoho	88	Henry Yoho.
MONONGALIA	Josiah Meadows	83	Green Meadows.
MONROE	Evan Morgan	88	Evan Morgan.
	William Wilson	84	William Wilson.
	Isaac Reed	82	Isaac Reed.
	James Bevars	86	James Bevars.
	George Keller	81	John Keller.
	James Collins	85	James Collins.
	Charles Simkins	82	Charles Simkins.
	Benjamin Chesney	80	William Cole.
	James Scott	75	James Scott.
	John Dent	85	John Dent.
	Elisha Clayton	83	Elisha Clayton.
	Asaph M. Colegate	77	Asaph M. Colegate.
	Samuel Dudley	77	Samuel Dudley.
	Robert Derrah	71	Robert Derrah.
	Amos Morris	77	Amos Morris.
Zadoc Morris	79	Zadoc Morris.	
MORGAN	John Wright	80	David G. Givins.
	John Foster	80	John Foster.
	Flora Smith, (widow)	95	Thomas Pritt.
	James Jones	79	James Jones.
	James Larkin	96	Robert Young.
	John Hutchinson	86	Isaac Hutchinson.
	James Boyd	81	James Boyd.
	Nathaniel Garlen	78	Nathaniel Garlen.
	Henry Arnott, Sen.	80	Henry Arnott, Jr.
	Samuel Clarke	76	Samuel Clarke.
	William Kirby	81	Martin Kirby.
	Samuel Allen	95	George Allen, Sr.
	Thomas Walker	77	Thomas Walker.
OHIO	Nicholas Henry	84	Peter Henry.
OHIO	James Holliday	86	James Holliday.
	Samuel Miller	85	Joseph Miller.
	John Curtis	89	James Darling.
PENDLETON	Charles Borrer	83	Charles Borrer.
	John Devericks, Sen.	78	John Devericks, Sen.
	William Eagle	79	William Eagle.
	Michael Hoover	88	Michael Hoover.
	Thomas Kinkead	76	Thomas Kinkead.
	William Lawrence	73	William Lawrence.
	Edward Morton	75	Edward Morton.
	Zachariah Rexroad	79	Solomon Rexroad.
	George Rymer, Sen.	90	George Rymer, Sen.
	Eli B. Wilson	84	Eli B. Wilson.
	POCAHONTAS	John Young, Sen.	79	John Young, Sen.
Adam Arbegast, Sen.		80	Adam Arbegast, Sen.
John Webb		89	Martin Dilley.
PRESTON	Isaac Matthew	84	Isaac Matthew.
	John Jennings	90	Jonathan Jenkins.
	John Hartman	84	John Hartman.
	Daniel Martin	89	Daniel Hartman.
	Dabney Ford	89	Frederick K. Ford.
	Asa Wilson	78	Asa Wilson.
	Nathan Ashby	75	Elijah Hardesty.
Abner Messenger	81	Samuel Messenger.	
RANDOLPH	Mary Chenoweth, (widow)	78	Jehu Chenoweth.
	John Neville, Sen.	75	John Neville, Sen.
	Henry Tansler	79	Andrew Tansler.
	Jacob Kittle	83	Jacob Kittle.
	Nancy Ann Hart, (widow)	83	Nancy Ann Hart.

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TYLER -----	Charles Swan -----	86	----- Charles Swan.
	Thomas Weekly, Sen. -----	88	----- Thomas Weekly, Sen.
	William Bennet -----	94	----- William Bennet.
	Sarah Wells, (widow) -----	85	----- Eli Wells.
	Jacob Lewis -----	85	----- Jacob Lewis.
	Philip Miller -----	83	----- Philip Miller.
	Samuel Wheeler -----	80	----- Samuel Wheeler.
	Richard Dotson -----	88	----- James Dotson.
	James S. Ferrel, Sen. -----	78	----- James S. Ferrel, Sen.
	Jeremiah Williams, Sen. -----	79	----- Jeremiah Williams, Sen.
	John Burden, Sen. -----	81	----- John Burden, Sen.
Temperance Cochran -----	79	----- Samuel Cochran.	
WOOD -----	Thomas Leach -----	78	----- John Cooper.
	Bailey Rice -----	85	----- Bailey Rice.
	Patrick Sumett -----	83	----- George Sumett.
	William Cunningham -----	76	----- Willam Cunningham.
	Moses Rollins -----	76	----- Henry Rollins.

Statement of Pocahontas County, West Virginia.

NAMES.	Rank.	Annual Allowance.	Sums Received.	Description of Service.	When Placed on Pension Roll.	Commencement of Pension.	Ages	Laws Under Which Incribed. Increased. and Reduced: and Remarks.
Adam Arbogast	Private	\$20 00	\$ 60 00	Virginia militia	Mar. 5, 1833	.....	74	.....
John Bradshaw	Ind. spy	80 00	240 00	do	June 21, 1833	.....	75	.....
Isaac Hawk	Private	20 00	60 00	do	Nov. 6, 1833	Mar. 4, 1831	75	.....
John Slaven	do	96 00	51 35	Virginia cont'l	Feb. 15, 1822	Aug. 23, 1819	.....	March 18, 1818. Suspended under Act of May 1, 1820.
do	do	80 00	240 00	do	Nov. 29, 1832	Mar. 4, 1831	74	Again pensioned under Act of June 7, 1832.
Thomas Tucker	do	30 00	90 00	Virginia militia	May 11, 1833	do	77	.....
Joseph Woodell	Pr. & Lt.	60 00	270 00	do	Jan. 17, 1834	do	82	.....
John Young	Private	80 00	240 00	do	Apr. 1, 1833	do	74

Statement of Preston County, West Virginia.

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Thomas Brown	Private	\$20 00	\$ 50 00	Virginia militia	Dec. 1, 1832	Mar. 4, 1831	74
Leonard Cupp	do	23 33	69 99	Penn. militia	May 14, 1832	do	79
Nicholas Casey	Pri. cav.	25 00	.....	Virginia militia	Sept. 9, 1833	do	80	.....
Levi Hopkins	Private	23 33	58 32	do	May 14, 1833	do	83	.....
Jacob Hartzell	do	20 00	60 00	do	.....	do	77	.....
John Hartman	do	20 00	60 00	Penn. militia	Feb. 5, 1834	do	75	.....
Andrew Johnson	do	50 00	150 00	Virginia militia	Mar. 6, 1833	Mar. 4, 1833	73	.....
Isaac Matthews	do	22 33	66 99	do	May 8, 1833	do	76	.....
Robert McMillen	do	40 66	121 98	Virginia cont'l	May 14, 1833	do	76	.....
Thomas McGee	do	33 33	99 99	New Jersey militia	Jan. 6, 1834	do	76	.....
Abner Messenger	do	50 00	150 00	Virginia militia	July 16, 1833	Mar. 4, 1831	72	.....
John Orr	do	30 00	90 00	Maryland militia	July 17, 1833	do	93	.....
Thomas Reuchart	do	30 00	90 00	Virginia militia	May 9, 1833	do	84	Died March 18, 1833.
Jacob Wagner	do	80 00	163 11	Penn. militia	June 26, 1834	do	90	Dead.
John Willson	do	66 66	95 90	Penn. cont'l	do

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Jacob Wagner	do	80 00	163 11	Penn. militia	May 9, 1833	do	84	Died March 18, 1833.
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John Wilson	do	66 66	95 90	Penn. cont'l	June 26, 1834	do	90	Dead.

latter act; many of whom had been "dropped" by the "Alarm" act of May 1, 1820.

ACT APPROVED JUNE 7, 1832.

Congress by this act provided "That each of the surviving officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, soldiers, and Indian spies, who shall have served in the Continental Line, or State Line, volunteers, or militia, *at one or more terms, a period of two years*, during the War of the Revolution, and who are not entitled to any benefit under the act for the relief of certain survivors and soldiers of the Revolution, passed May 15, 1828, be authorized to receive a pension proportional to length of time served, but no pension should be granted to any one having served less than six months. How unjust this was, will appear when it is known that much of the most meritorious service was rendered, and fiercest battles of the war waged, by *four and six months' men*.

ACT APPROVED JULY 4, 1836.

It was declared in this act, "That if any person who served in the War of the Revolution is"

that much of the most meritorious service was rendered, and fiercest battles of the war waged, by *four and six months' men*.

ACT APPROVED JULY 4, 1836.

It was declared in this act, "That if any person who served in the War of the Revolution, in the manner specified in the act passed June 7, 1832, have died, leaving a widow whose marriage took place *before the expiration* of the last period of his service, such widow shall be entitled to receive, during the time she may remain unmarried, the annuity or pension which might have been allowed to her husband, by virtue of the act aforesaid, if living at the time it was passed. A widow who, on her own application, has been divorced from her husband, has no claim to a pension. All persons applying for pensions under this act, must prove that their parents were legally married." The marriage of a widow does not destroy her claim to pension under this act, provided she was a widow a second time on the day of its passage.

ACT OF JULY 7, 1838.

War

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ACT OF JULY 7, 1838.

This act provided, "That if any person who served in the War of the Revolution in the manner specified in the act passed June 7, 1832, have died, leaving a widow, whose marriage took place after the expiration of the last period of his service, and before January 1, 1796, such widow shall be entitled to receive, for and

during the term of *five years from the 4th day of March, 1836*, the annuity or pension which might have been allowed to her husband, by virtue of the said act, if living at the time it was passed: *Provided*, That in the event of the marriage of such widow, said annuity or pension shall be discontinued. All widows whose husbands served in the Revolutionary War, as stated in the act, and who were married after the *last term* of his service, and prior to January 1, 1794, can claim pension under this act, provided they were widows at the passage thereof.”

OTHER PENSION LEGISLATION.

There was other pension legislation relating to the volunteers of the Revolution, chiefly in the years 1843, 1844, 1848, but it consisted of annuities to the acts above cited. It was by their provisions that survivors of the Revolution, their widows and orphans residing in West Virginia, were chiefly affected in the matter of pensions.

EARLY PENSION LEGISLATION BY CONGRESS—NAMES
OF WEST VIRGINIANS ON THE PENSION ROLLS
OF THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR.

Prior to the year 1818, Congress passed no pension laws, except for the relief of those officers and soldiers who were disabled in the service; consequently, all those who were not disabled, and died between the close of the Revolutionary War and the year 1818, could receive no pension, for all the pension laws require that the soldier "shall be living at the date of the passage of the law."

ACT APPROVED MARCH 18, 1818.

This Act of Congress provided that every commissioned officer, non-commissioned officer, musician, and private soldier who served in the War of the Revolution, to the end thereof; or who served for a term of nine consecutive months, or longer, at any period of the war on Continental Establishment (no matter how many terms were served, one must have been for nine months), and who was then or thereafter, by reason of his reduced circumstances in life, and shall be in need of assistance from his Country for support, and shall have substantiated his claim to a pension in the manner prescribed by this Act, shall receive a pension from the United States. Before the veteran could obtain a pension under this law he must show (1) that he had served in the War of the Revolution to the end thereof; (2) or for a term of nine consecutive months, or longer at some one period of the War, on Continental Establishment; (3) must yet be a resident of the United States; (4) and be in such destitute circumstances in life as to need the assistance of his country for support. Soon after the passage of this Act, applications for pensions, numbering about eight thousand (how many from West Virginia, I do not know), had accumulated. This alarmed Congress to such an extent that further pension legislation was speedily enacted.

ACT APPROVED MAY 1, 1820.

In this act it was provided that no person should be entitled to the further benefits under the law of 1818; "unless he shall have exhibited to some court of record, in the county, city, or borough, in which he resides, a *schedule*, subscribed by him, containing his

whole estate and income. Being poor, yet possessing too much of the spirit of 1776, to permit their "goods and chattels" to be thus exposed to the gaze of the public, many worthy men (some of them in West Virginia) refused a compliance with the provisions of this Act; and still others, possessed of some estates, could not affirm that they stood in "need of the assistance of their country for a support." Many of these whose names had been admitted to the pension rolls, now made out the Schedules as required, but, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, a large number of those who did this, were not entitled to the "assistance of their country for support," and were subsequently dropped from the rolls and ceased to be pensioners. A knowledge of these facts brought forth from Congress further legislation.

ACT APPROVED MARCH 1, 1823.

This act authorized the Secretary of War "to restore to the list of pensioners the name of any person who may have been or may hereafter be, stricken therefrom, if such person has heretofore furnished, or hereafter shall furnish, evidence that he is in such indigent circumstances as to be unable to support himself without the assistance of his country, and that he has not disposed of, or transferred, his property, or any portion thereof, with a view to obtain a pension. After the passage of this act, and after so many of the old soldiers had been "driven off the field," the Secretary became more liberal in his opinions with respect to the "schedules," and large numbers of them were by degrees restored to the rolls.

ACT APPROVED MAY 15, 1828.

This act was provided without regard to any "property qualifications; and being provided on the half-pay acts of the Continental Congress and the Gratuity Act of May 15, 1778, no one could claim its provisions, unless he was adjudged to be entitled to "commutation" per act of March 22, 1783, or to the gratuity of eighty dollars per act of May 15, 1778. Though precisely a half century had rolled between the passage of the acts of May 15, 1778, and May 15, 1828, yet several hundreds of time-worn and old non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates come forth to receive the last token of their country's regard under the

and the savages then turned to Doney, made their way thither and ap-
daring soldiers, dressed in Indian costume, made their way thither and ap-
praised the settlers of their danger in time to save them from extermination.
Was employed as Indian scout in 1778-9 over a distance of 60 to 70 miles
west of the inhabited section of country. William and Leonard Morris and
John Petterson were scouts with him. Applicant mentions William Arbuckle,
then at Ft. Mason.

THE GARRISON AT POINT PLEASANT, JACOB KINNISON'S DECLARATION²

Jacob Kinnison—Pocahontas, Aug. 8, 1833. Born 1757.
Volunteered, 1777, under Capt. Mathew Arbuckle, then living in Little
Levels of Greenbrier. Served the whole ten months at Point Pleasant,
Arbuckle's subalterns being Lt. James Gilmer and Ensign John Williams.
Only one company there. At end of ten months the Greenbrier men were
discharged by Gen. Hand, who came from Pittsburgh. A part of that com-
pany had enlisted for three years. Shortly before applicant was discharged,
700 men arrived at Point Pleasant under Colonels Dickenson and Skillern.
April 15, 1779, re-entered service as Indian spy, and was expected to scour
the country from Fort Lick on Elk River (including waters of Sleepy Creek,
a branch of Greenbrier), to Drenna's Fort and Little Levels. Was almost

¹Chalkley's Abstracts II, 487.

²McAllister's Virginia Militia in the Revolutionary War, 78.

continually in service, never being allowed at the fort more than two or three days at a time. Discharged October 15th.

WAR IN LOWER VIRGINIA, JOHN DAVIDSON'S DECLARATION¹

John Davidson—Rockbridge, Aug. 8, 1832. Born in Rockbridge, Oct. 29, 1757.

Was willing to go out in spring of 1778, being liable as unmarried man, but was induced by mother to hire substitute, who served twelve months. Drafted about June 1, 1778, serving in Greenbrier. Early in July, 1778 (1779?), served fifteen days under Capt. William Lyle driving packhorses loaded with flour and bacon to the troops on the frontier. Went out in January, 1781, under Capt. Andrew Moore, Lt. John McClung, Ensign James McDowell, the regiment being under Col. Bowyer. Rendezvous at Red House and marched to Portsmouth, where the regiment lay, except a month at Great Bridge. The Nansmond at Suffolk was crossed on a floating bridge. At Great Bridge were captured two twelve-pounder howitzers and about twelve prisoners. At Gum Bridge, near Dismal Swamp, there was a skirmish, Discharged about April 11th. Marched Aug. 7, 1781, under Capt. David Gay, who tried to induce him to be Orderly Sergeant. At Richmond the company formed with those of Augusta a battalion. Line officers were, Colonels Parker and Willis, and Gen. Muhlenberg. Proceeded to Ruffin's Ferry, thence to a point opposite Jamestown, 5,500 French being camped on north side. Boats ferried the militia across. Then under Col. Samuel Lewis the regiment marched to Yorktown, remaining there till Sept. 14, 1781.

our necks. At dark the pursuers set up a tremendous yell, but we heard no more of them, and at length arrived where we were ordered, declarant having traveled 40 miles that day after nine in the morning.

GUARDING THE WESTERN FRONTIER, ISAAC NICKLE'S DECLARATION¹

Isaac Nickle—Monroe, April 15, 1833. Born, 1752.

In August or September, 1774, volunteered three months under Capt. John Lewis, and was in battle of Point Pleasant. Lt. John Henderson was in his company. Drafted from Greenbrier in August, 1777, to serve against Indians, under Capt. Mathew Arbuckle, and Col. Lewis. Served three weeks on Elk river and rest of three months at Point Pleasant. In 1780 (1781?), was drafted for three months under Capt. A. Nickle to go toward the Lakes, but owing to the condition of his family he hired Thomas Buchinal as substitute, giving him a mare worth \$50. The troops were commanded by Col. Brown.

AIDING THE SOUTHWEST, HENRY CARTMILL'S DECLARATION²

Henry Cartmill—Botetourt, September 7, 1832. Born in Chester County, Pa., 1754.

¹ McAllister's Virginia Militia in the Revolutionary War, 83.

² Chalkley's Abstracts of the Records of Augusta County II, 502.

Removed to Augusta, 1761. February 26, 1779, commissioned ensign in Botetourt. Upon a requisition for troops to go against the Indians in the southwest of Virginia, he marched under Capt. James Smith to Nolachucky river, being joined on the way by Capt. James Barnett's Company from Roanoke. At Nolachucky about 400 men were found under command of Col. William Campbell. By a council of war it was determined not to pursue any further. Returned after an absence of over three months, the distance to the Nolachucky being about 350 miles. Commissioned Lieutenant April 14, 1781. Called into service and was at Yorktown during the whole siege, being under the command of Capt. James Smith. After the surrender he guarded prisoners for some distance beyond Williamsburg, when there being more force than was thought necessary he was permitted to return home. At the report that Donally's Fort in Greenbrier was attacked, he went as ensign under Capt. Hugh Logan to the relief of the settlers, but they were met by Capt. Hall, who told them the Indians had retired. At another time he ranged the mountains between Fincastle and Sweet Springs in search of Indians. Himself and many others assembled at the lead mines in Wythe to meet Col. Ferguson who was said to be advancing from the Carolinas with a large force of tories. After going as far as Stone House in Botetourt, they were stopped by Col. Skillern, commanding the Botetourt militia, until more men could be collected. News reaching them that the tories were dispersed, they returned home.

LIFE ON THE KANAWHA AND OHIO DURING THE REVOLUTION, WILLIAM
PRYOR'S DECLARATION¹

William Pryor—Amherst, October 15, 1832. Born in Albemarle (now Amherst), about 1752.